



# Runnymede St. Edwards School - Knowledge Organiser

Subject: Geography

At the farm

Year: 2

Term: Autumn 1

## Types of farms



### Arable

grow crops in the fields



### Dairy

uses milk from animals to make cheese and yoghurt

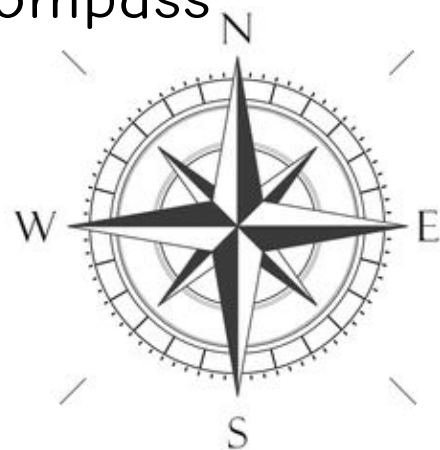


### Livestock

raises animals for meat, wool or eggs



## Compass



## The farm

**Buildings-** a farm has lots of different buildings including: barns, a hen house, pig stys, a farmhouse, an office and sometimes a farm shop.

**Animals-** you might see cows, chickens, sheep, pigs, goats and horses on a farm.

**Clothes-** at the farm, you will need to wear clothes such as boots, coats and sometimes gloves when you are handling the animals.

**Food and Crops-** farms are very important because they provide us with a lot of the food we eat, e.g. eggs, milk, cheese, meat, vegetables and wheat and flour for bread.

## Key Vocabulary

**Farm-** an area of land with buildings that is used to grow crops or raise animals.

**Countryside-** land which is away from towns and cities.

**Town-** a place with streets and buildings where people live and work.

**Seasons-** the main periods into which the year is divided. Each season has its own weather.

**Months-** one of the 12 periods of time that a year is split into, e.g. September.

**Compass-** an instrument that is used for finding directions. It always points Magnetic North.

**Barn-** a building on a farm in which animals, crops, or food can be stored.

**Farmhouse-** the main house on the farm, usually where the farmer lives.

**Office-** a room at the farm where people work behind a desk.

**Direction-** is the way which something or someone is moving or where they are from each other.